APPENDIX.

The New York Statute, Chapter 794 of the Laws of 1933, reads as follows:

"AN ACT to amend the civil practice act, in relation to deficiency judgments in actions to foreclose mortgages on real property and actions to recover judgments on bonds secured by mortgages on real property.

"Became a law August 28, 1933, with the approval of the Governor Passed, on message of necessity, three-fifths being present.

"The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

"SECTION 1. It is hereby declared that a serious public emergency affecting and threatening the welfare, comfort and safety of the people of the state and resulting from the abnormal disruption in economic and financial processes, the abnormal credit and currency situation in the state and nation, and the abnormal deflation of real property values and the curtailment of incomes by unemployment and other adverse conditions, exists. Therefore, in the public interest, the necessity for legislative intervention by the enactment of the provisions hereinafter prescribed, and their application until July first, nineteen hundred thirty-four, is hereby declared as a matter of legislative determination.

"§ 2. The civil practice act is hereby amended by inserting therein two new sections, to be sections ten hundred and eighty-three-a and ten hundred and eighty-three-b, as follows:

"1083-a. LIMITATION UPON DEFICIENCY JUDGMENTS DURING EMERGENCY PERIOD.—No judgment shall be granted for any residue of the debt remaining unsatisfied as prescribed by the preceding section where the mortgaged property shall be sold during the emergency, except as herein provided. Simultaneously with the making of a motion for an order confirming the sale or in any event within ninety days after the date of the sale, the party to whom such residue shall be owing may make a motion in the action for leave to

enter a deficiency judgment upon notice to the party against whom such judgment is sought or the attorney who shall have appeared for such party in such action. Such notice shall be served personally or in such other manner as the court may direct. Upon such motion the court, whether or not the respondent appears, shall determine, upon affidavit or otherwise as it shall direct, the fair and reasonable market value of the mortgaged premises as of the date of sale or such nearest earlier date as there shall have been any market value thereof and shall make an order directing the entry of a deficiency judgment. Such deficiency judgment shall be for an amount equal to the sum of the amount owing by the party liable as determined by the judgment with interest, plus the amount owing on all prior liens and encumbrances with interest, plus cost and disbursements of the action including the referee's fee and disbursements, less the market value as determined by the court or the sale price of the property whichever shall be the higher. If no motion for a deficiency judgment shall be made as herein prescribed the proceeds of the sale, regardless of amount shall be deemed to be in full satisfaction of the mortgage debt and no right to recover any deficiency in any action or proceeding shall exist.

"§ 1083-b. JUDGMENTS IN ACTIONS ON BONDS.—In any action pending at the time this section as hereby added takes effect, or hereafter commenced during the emergency, other than an action to foreclose a mortgage, to recover a judgment for any indebtedness secured solely by a mortgage on real property and which originated simultaneously with such mortgage and which is secured by such mortgage, against any person or corporation directly or indirectly or contingently liable therefor, any party against whom a money judgment is demanded, shall be entitled to set off the fair and reasonable market value of the mortgaged property less the amounts owing on prior liens and encumbrances. In any action to foreclose the mortgage commenced after the emergency as defined by the law shall have expired, a deficiency judgment may be recovered as though this section had not been enacted but the amount of any money judgment recovered as provided in this section shall be deducted in computing such deficiency judgment.

"3. If any section, part or provision of this act shall be declared unconstitutional or invalid or ineffective by any court of competent jurisdiction, such declaration shall be limited to the section, part or provision directly involved in the controversy in which such declaration was made and shall not affect any other section, provision or part hereof.

"4. The period of the emergency hereby declared shall be from the date this act takes effect until July first, nineteen hundred thirty-four. This act shall not apply to mortgages dated on or after July first, nineteen hundred thirty-two, or to any bond, collateral bond, guarantee, or extension agreement or other agreement or writing concerning or delivered in connection with any indebtedness secured by a mortgage dated on or after July first, nineteen hundred thirty-two.

"5. This act shall take effect immediately."